

Abstract

The invention relates to a gene expression inducing fusion protein comprising a) a ribonucleic acid linking peptide domain and a post-transcriptional gene expression activator domain and b) a domain enabling cytoplasmic membrane delocalization. The invention also relates to a modulatable permanent external method for controlling gene expression induction by modulating the state of post-translational modulation of the gene expression inducing fusion protein for the expression of said gene.